











# Concussion is a Brain Injury!

Concussion is a brain injury causing a disturbance to brain function.

Concussed players may have a **range** of signs & symptoms.

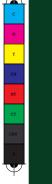
A player does **NOT** have to lose consciousness to have sustained a brain injury.

A referee or coach is often the first person to come into contact with a head or neck injured player; decisive action may prevent further serious injury.

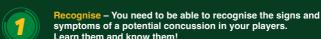




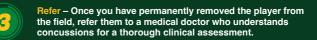




### The 6 R's of Concussion







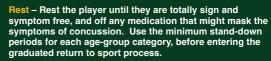








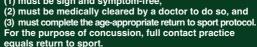








Return – To return to sport safely following a concussion or suspected concussion, the players:
(1) must be sign and symptom-free,













## When the Player is on the Deck, 🕇 think about the Neck!



✓ All head injuries should be approached and handled with a potential neck injury in mind until cleared by the attending medical staff or proven otherwise.

√ In particular, do NOT roll an unconscious player over without first stabilising the neck.

✓ If the player has lost consciousness, looks unsteady on their feet. looks confused or has injured their neck...













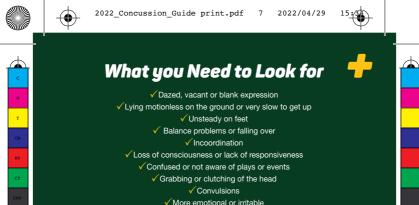












If any of the above are present, or you still suspect a concussion,
permanently remove the player from the field!











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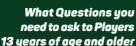












- . What venue are we at?
- What team are you playing?
- · What half is it?
- · Who scored last in this game?
- Who did you play last week/game?
- Did your team win the last game?

### **What Questions** you need to ask to Children aged 5 - 12

- . Where are we now?
- Is it before or after lunch?
- · What did you have last lesson/class? or Who scored last in this game?
- What is your teacher's/coach's name?

Where there is any hesitation, uncertainty or one cannot verify the information, have the player permanently removed from the game or training session, and suspect a concussion.





















✓ Players who present with abnormal muscle contractions or stiffening

✓ Players with confirmed or even suspected loss of consciousness
✓ Players who lose balance or look unsteady on their feet

✓ Players who are clearly disorientated OR confused

✓ Players who show definite changes in behaviour
 ✓ Players who are clearly dazed, dinged or can't remember plays

If any of the above are present,
permanently remove the player from the field!



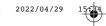




















- 1. Referee or Medical professional recognises a potential concussion event
- 2. Referee then signals the Blue Card to the player
- 3. Visual cue to all watching -> Concussion or suspected concussion
- 4. Player is permanently removed from the field of play
- 5. Player is logged onto the Club or School's submitted Team Sheet as a Concussion
- 6. Referee to submit Blue Card report to the Provincial Rugby Union
  - Referee, Coach, Team management, Player, Parent or Family member logs the Blue Card onto the SA Rugby Online software bluecard.footprintapp.net
  - 8. All contact persons listed when logging the Blue Card on the App will receive emailed advice on the required GRTS processes to follow with the player
- 9. All Blue Card concussion events recorded on the App will be stored on a national database
  - 10. Sport Concussion SA's information: 011-3047724, 0825746918, Email: sportsconcussion@mweb.co.za will also be emailed to them should they wish to access Medical Doctors who are sufficiently knowledgeable in Concussion management for rugby union





















- √ Neck pain
- ✓ Increasing confusion. irritability or aggressiveness
- √ Repeated vomiting
- √ Seizures or convulsions
- √ Weakness or tingling/burning in the arms or legs

- √ Deteriorating levels of consciousness
- √ Severe or increasing headaches
- √ Unusual behaviour changes √ Deteriorating or double vision
- ✓ Increasing sensitivity to noise or light

If any of these are present either on the field or in the hours and days after the incident, then get this player to the hospital or a suitably experienced medical doctor for urgent medical attention.













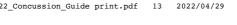




























- Must be permanently removed from the field of Play
- · Must be monitored by a responsible adult
- Must be examined by a Medical Doctor, as soon as possible
- Must have their symptoms, brain function and balance return to normal
- Must be given clearance by a Medical Doctor before returning to any forms of learning, exercise or rugby related activities
- Must undergo the age-appropriate Graduated Return To Sport protocol
- Must again be cleared by a Medical Doctor to return to full contact practice



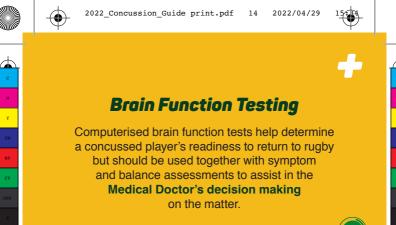




or match play











































# Important advice for the Player:



ALCOHOL INTAKE: No alcohol should be consumed, until symptoms have cleared and a medical doctor has provided the go ahead.

**DRIVING:** The concussed player may have delayed reaction times and concentration. so do not allow them to drive until they have been medically cleared.

**REST:** The brain also requires as much rest as possible, so avoid exercise, studying, computer work, bright lights and loud noise.

SLEEP: Tiredness and drowsiness are common following concussion. Once they have been medically assessed and their condition has stabilised. allow the player to sleep as required. If they are unable to wake up normally after sleep, then get them to hospital.

MEDICATION: Do not give them anti-inflammatories and do not let them take sleeping tablets or aspirins. Once the player has been assessed and monitored, for at least two hours, and they are stable, then a mild pain killer such as Panado may be given for headaches.





























For players 18 years old or younger: a minimum of 2 weeks off before starting the Graduated Return To Sport (GRTS) process and even longer if any signs or symptoms remain. For players 19 years old or older: a minimum of 1 week off and the player must be sign and symptom free.

STAGE 2 IS LIGHT AFROBIC EXERCISE FOR 20 MINUTES WHERE THE PLAYER MUST BE SYMPTOM FREE:

This may include activities such as light logging, swimming or stationary cycling, but no resistance training

STAGE 3 RECOMES MORE SPORT-SPECIFIC AND PUSHES THE INTENSITY UP A BIT (25-30 MIN):

The player is exposed to running drills, where rugby specific movement patterns are added, but still includes no potential head impact activities vet.





















The purpose here is to combine non-contact exercise, coordination and decision-making, which increases the load on the brain.

#### STAGE 5 REPRESENTS NORMAL TRAINING ACTIVITIES SUCH AS FULL CONTACT PRACTICE:

- Before entering stage 5 it is critical that the player is cleared by a Medical Doctor. and is completely symptom free after progressing through the previous three exercise stages.
- Once cleared by the Medical Doctor, the player can progress to full contact training to restore their confidence in contact situations, and also for the coaching staff to assess their functional ability and level of readiness.
- . They should also show no signs or symptoms during this Stage and the full 24 hour period.

Only after successfully completing this stage will they be given the final go ahead to return to full match play or Stage 6.

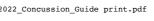




























- Each Stage of the Graduated Return To Sport (GRTS) process is allocated a specific time period.
- The player can only progress to the next stage if they show no signs or symptoms of concussion during the exercise sessions and the minimum 24 hour period, allocated within each stage progression.
- If a player shows any signs or symptoms during any Stage, they should consult with their treating medical doctor, and move back a stage to where they were previously sign and symptom free, and attempt to progress again after a minimum of 24 hours rest.
- The earliest that a player can return to rugby following concussion after the age-appropriate stand-down periods and following the GRTS process without any recurring signs and symptoms is:
  - Players 18 years old or younger = 2 weeks rest post injury + 4 days GRTS (Earliest Return to Play = Day 19 post injury)
- Players 19 years old or older = 1 week rest post injury + 4 days GRTS (Earliest Return to Play = Day 12 post injury)



















